# Selien De Schryder

Ghent University
Department of Financial Economics
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# **PERSONALIA**

Nationality: Belgian

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# **RESEARCH EXPERIENCE**

Oct 2017 - present	Assistant Professor, Ghent University, Department of Economics
Oct 2014 – Sep 2017	Postdoctoral research assistant, Ghent University, Department of Financial Economics
Oct 2010 – Sep 2014	PhD fellowship FWO Flanders, Ghent University, Department of Financial Economics
Sep 2008 – Sep 2014	PhD candidate, Ghent University, Department of Financial Economics
Oct 2013 – Dec 2013	PhD trainee at the European Central Bank, Directorate Monetary Policy – Monetary Policy Strategy Division
May 2013 – Aug 2013	PhD intern at the Bank of England, Monetary Analysis – International Economic Analysis division

# **TEACHING EXPERIENCE**

Oct 2014 – Sep 2017	Lecturer of courses at Ghent University: "Monetary Policy" (Master of Science in Economics), "Seminar Papers" (Bachelor of Science in Economics), "Monetary Economics" (MA students Banking and Finance)
Oct 2014 - Sep 2017	Lecturer of course "Monetary Economics" (MA students Banking and Finance, Ghent University)
Sep 2008 – Sep 2017	Teaching assistant, Ghent University, Department of Financial Economics for "Seminar Papers" (Bachelor of Science in Economics, Ghent University)
Sep 2008 – Sep 2014	Teaching assistant, Ghent University, Department of Financial Economics for "Monetary Economics" (Bachelor of Science in Economics, Ghent University)
Sep 2008 – Sep 2010	Teaching assistant, Ghent University, Department of Financial Economics for "Monetary Policy" (Master of Science in Economics, Ghent University)

#### **RESEARCH INTERESTS**

Empirical macroeconomics, energy economics, monetary policy, macroprudential policy, international economics

# **PUBLICATIONS AND WORKING PAPERS**

#### **Published paper**

'The U.S. Dollar Exchange Rate and the Demand for Oil' (with Gert Peersman)

Energy Journal. Jul 2015, Vol. 36 Issue 3, 263-285.

DOI: 10.5547/01956574.36.3.ssch.

Using recent advances in panel data estimation techniques, we find that an appreciation of the U.S. dollar exchange rate leads to a significant decline in oil demand for a sample of 65 oil-importing countries. The estimated effect turns out to be considerably larger than the impact of a shift in the global crude oil price expressed in U.S. dollar. This finding appears to be the consequence of a stronger pass-through of changes in the U.S. dollar exchange rate to domestic end-user oil products prices relative to changes in the global crude oil price. Furthermore, we demonstrate the relevance of U.S. dollar fluctuations for global oil price dynamics.

JEL classification: C33, F31, Q41

Keywords: Oil demand, U.S. dollar exchange rate, Oil price pass-through, Panel data

## **Published paper**

'Inflation during times of economic slack and deleveraging: a panel data analysis'

Oxford Economic Papers, Jul 2017, Vol. 69 Issue 3, pp. 612-63.

DOI: 10.1093/oep/gpw061

Historically, persistent and pronounced economic downturns gave rise to notable falls in the level of inflation but these falls are not observed in the immediate aftermath of the global financial crisis of 2008–2009. This paper analyses inflation dynamics in a cross-country Phillips curve framework while considering credit evolutions and periods of financial stress and documents a flattening of the Phillips curve during economic slack.

JEL classification: E31, E32, E51

Keywords: Phillips curve, bank credit, financial crisis, cross-country panel

## **Published paper**

'Heterogeneous Government Spending Multipliers in the Era Surrounding the Great Recession' (with Marco Bernardini and Gert Peersman)

The Review of Economics and Statistics, May 2020, Vol. 102(2), pp. 304-322

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1162/rest\_a\_00830

We use novel quarterly data of U.S. states to examine the dynamics of relative spending multipliers in the decade surrounding the Great Recession. While multipliers were around 1 in expansions, they reached values above 4 when a state was in a recession. Also a high (low) degree of household indebtedness augmented (lowered) a state's multiplier by 0.5 in expansions and by 2 in recessions. We further document modest positive spillover effects across states and show that a mere redistribution of spending across states also had a significant influence on the aggregate U.S. economy due to cross-state heterogeneity of the effects.

JEL classification: C23, E32, E44, E62

Keywords: fiscal multiplier, household debt, Great Recession, regional redistribution

## **Published paper**

'Wage Indexation and the Monetary Policy Regime' (with Gert Peersman and Joris Wauters)

Journal of Macroeconomics, March 2020, Vol. 63, pp. 103-166.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jmacro.2019.103166

We estimate a New Keynesian wage Phillips curve for a panel of 24 OECD countries and allow the degree of wage indexation to past inflation to vary according to structural characteristics. We find that the degree of wage indexation is significantly lower for countries with an inflation target. However, this effect vanishes when we control for the degree of goods market competition. By contrast, more goods market competition is consistently associated with lower wage indexation. This robust finding puts into question whether embedding a constant degree of wage indexation in standard DSGE models is truly structural.

JEL classification: C23, E42, J30

Keywords: wage indexation, monetary policy regimes, cross-country panel, Phillips curve

### Working paper

'Macroprudential policy and its impact on the Credit cycle' (with Frederic Opitz)

Ghent University Department of Economics Working paper No. 2019/990, December 2019, currently under revision (R&R)

We identify a novel set of macroprudential policy shocks and estimate their effects on credit cycle variables in a panel of 13 EU countries between 1999-2018. We find that a typical macroprudential policy tightening shock reduces bank credit-to-GDP by 2.4\% points and household credit-to-GDP by 2.2\% points over a period of four years. The non-financial corporations and total credit-to-GDP ratios, however, do not react significantly. Using state-dependent local projections, we further find that the effects on the credit-to-GDP ratios are stronger in credit cycle upturns than in downturns. We also detect a sizable leakage of firm credit from the banking to the non-banking sector next to a shift from household to firm credit.

JEL classification: C23, E58, G18, G28

Keywords: Macroprudential policy, Effectiveness, State dependency

## Working paper

'Export Dynamics Since the Great Trade Collapse: a Cross-Country Analysis' (with John Lewis)

October 2015

Using a panel model of goods exports for 16 OECD economies, we quantify advanced economies' export performance since the "Great Trade Collapse" (GTC). We go beyond the traditional export determinants of trade to include a variable measuring shifts in the sectoral composition of world trade and split the real exchange rate into its constituent parts to allow for a differential response to unit labor costs and the nominal exchange rate. We find that, a pre-crisis model based on average coefficients explains the recovery in aggregate exports since the GTC well. But at the country level, we do find substantial cross-country variation in export performance.

JEL classification: C23, F14, F17

Keywords: International trade, forecasting, cross-country panel

#### **WORK IN PROGRESS**

'Analyzing the effectiveness of macroprudential policy and its interaction with the credibility of monetary policy' (with Lara Coulier)

JEL classification: C33, C43, E44, E58, G2, G5

Keywords: Macroprudential policy, Panel data econometrics, Monetary policy

'The US unconventional oil and gas revolution: how did it impact the macroeconomy' (with Nikolaos Koutounidis and Gert Peersman)

JEL classification: C33, Q43, E32

Keywords: oil price decline, shale oil, reallocation

### **SCIENTIFIC SERVICES**

**Refereeing** Energy Economics, Energy Journal, Economic Modelling

**Conference organization** 

Co-organizer of the Ghent University Workshop on Empirical

Macroeconomics

Co-organizer of the Belgian Macro Workshop

Joint responsible for the local practical organization of the annual meeting of

the Society for Economic Dynamics in Ghent (7 to 9 July 2011)

Administration, Ghent University: Faculty Board (Oct 2018 to present),

Education Committee Economics Sciences (Oct 2018 – present), Commission

Diversity (Feb 2019 to present)

Member of commission of Scientific Research (faculty of Economics and

Business Administration, Ghent University, 2015 to 2018)

Member of OAP ("Overig Academisch Personeel") council (2015 to 2017)

## **EDUCATION**

2008 – 2014 Ghent University, Belgium

PhD in Economics

Thesis: Topics in Monetary Economics Supervisor: Prof. Gert Peersman

2007 – 2008 Ghent University, Belgium

Master of Science in Economics: Economic policy (magna cum laude)

Thesis: The influence of budgetary policy on growth and employment in the

**UK under Blair** 

Thesis supervisor: Prof. Freddy Heylen

Thesis award: Honorary rector em. Prof. Dr. A. Devreker: 'Best master thesis

in Economic Sciences'

2004 – 2007 Ghent University, Belgium

Bachelor of Science in Economics (magna cum laude)

# **LANGUAGE SKILLS**

Dutch (mother tongue), English (fluent), French (fair)

# **COMPUTER SKILLS**

Stata, Gauss, Matlab, Eviews, MS Office, Scientific Workplace, Texmaker (profound knowledge) RATS, R (basic knowledge)