

**CORRIGENDUM FOR
‘CREDAL NETWORKS UNDER EPISTEMIC IRRELEVANCE:
THE SETS OF DESIRABLE GAMBLES APPROACH’**

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ABSTRACT. This document lists errors in Reference [1] and provides corrections for them.

ERRORS AND THEIR CORRECTIONS

In Example 4, the expressions for \mathcal{D}_G and $\text{marg}_O(\mathcal{D}_G|A_I)$ are wrong. The correct expressions are

$$\mathcal{D}_G := \mathcal{E}(\{\mathbb{I}_{A_I}g\}) = \{f \in \mathcal{G}(\mathcal{X}_G) : (\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{R}_0^+) f \geq \lambda \mathbb{I}_{A_I}g \text{ or } f > 0\}$$

and

$$\text{marg}_O(\mathcal{D}_G|A_I) = \mathcal{E}(\{g\}) = \{f \in \mathcal{G}(\mathcal{X}_O) : (\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{R}_0^+) f \geq \lambda g \text{ or } f > 0\}.$$

The only difference is the addition of the λ 's.

In the text that follows Theorem 10, we state that its proof is similar to that of Proposition 6. This should be Proposition 5 instead. The correct statement is ‘Similar to what we have done in the proof of Proposition 5, we construct a joint probability mass function to perform the separation. However, in contrast with the proof of Proposition 5, a factorising probability mass function is no longer sufficient.’

In Footnote 16, we state that we follow References [3]—Reference [7] in the original paper—and [2]—Reference [22] in the original paper—in naming our graphoid properties. This is not correct; the terminology in Reference [3] is different from ours. The correct statement is ‘We follow Reference [22] in naming these properties. Moral [76] uses almost the same terminology; the only difference is that he interchanges the meaning of direct and reverse intersection. Vantagi [...]’.

There are three typos in the proof of Theorem 15. In the proof for reverse contraction, ‘implying that the path from i to s ’ should be replaced by ‘implying that the path from s to o ’. In the proof for reverse intersection, ‘then the path from s to i is blocked’ and ‘AD($S, O|C \cup O$)’ should be replaced by ‘then the path from s to o is blocked’ and ‘AD($S, O|C \cup I$)’, respectively.

Theorem 16 requires an additional assumption: $I \cap C = \emptyset$. Without this assumption, it might be that $g(\cdot, x_{I \cap C}) = 0$ and therefore also that $g \mathbb{I}_C f = 0 \notin \mathcal{D}_G^{\text{irr}}$, which contradicts the theorem if $\mathbb{I}_C f \in \mathcal{D}_G^{\text{irr}}$. This assumption should be added to the theorem. In the proof, it would then be best to replace $g(\cdot, x_{I \cap C})$ by g [although, strictly speaking, this is not necessary because the added assumption makes them identical]. There is also a typo in the proof of this theorem: in the last line, $f(\cdot, x_{O \cap I})$ should be $f(\cdot, x_{O \cap C})$.

REFERENCES

- [1] Jasper De Bock and Gert de Cooman. Credal networks under epistemic irrelevance: The sets of desirable gambles approach. *International Journal of Approximate Reasoning*, 56(B):178 – 207, 2015.

- [2] Fabio G. Cozman and Peter Walley. Graphoid properties of epistemic irrelevance and independence. *Annals of Mathematics and Artificial Intelligence*, 45(1–2):173–195, 2005.
- [3] Serafín Moral. Epistemic irrelevance on sets of desirable gambles. *Annals of Mathematics and Artificial Intelligence*, 45:197–214, 2005.