

UNITE

UNiform Integrated Tool Environment
<https://apps.fz-juelich.de/unite/>

Oct 2013 | Bernd Mohr

- Tools are hard to install
 - Almost all depend on MPI library
 - Some even on the compiler
 - Need to be downloaded from a myriad of sites
 - Every tool (seems to) use different configures
 - More and more tool component can be re-used by other tools
 - etc
- Tools are hard to use
 - Of course they are complex powerful programs ...
 - But every site installs them differently
 - Makes writing good tool documentation hard
 - etc

- **Goal:**
 - Provide portable common access to parallel performance tools
 - Lower bar for inexperienced users and admins
- **Basic ideas:**
 - Standardized and simplified **tool installation**
 - **Meta-Installer** (providing “meta” configure/make/make install)
 - Standardized **tool access**
 - Based on “module” command (www.modules.org)
 - Standardize module names and structure (e.g. help)
 - Standardize tool, compiler, MPI library names
 - Activate by “**module load UNITE**”
 - **But** flexible enough to allow co-existence with site policies

- **Package** ::= product, tool, or component which
 - Is available / can be used / can be installed as separate entity
 - Three basic sorts of packages: Tools, Utility, Devel
 - Typically comes in multiple versions
 - Example: vampir, scalasca, marmot, ...
- **Version**
 - <MajorVersion> . <MinorVersion> [<Plevel>] [(rc|b)<Number>]
 - Example: 2.1b2
- **Specialization** ::= Optional constraints
 - Which limit the applicability of a package and/or version
 - Currently mainly needed on Linux installations
 - Specified as: –<Mpilib>–<Compiler>–<Precision>
 - Unnecessary constraints are left out
 - Example: –openmpi–32bit

Installation Space Layout: Module Files

- Install required UNITE components together at **system-specific** installation path **UNITE_ROOT**

```
► ${UNITE_ROOT}/  
  ► modulefiles/          # UNITE module files  
    ► tools/ | utils/ | devel/  
      ► <package>/  
        ► <version>--<spezialization>  
    ► templates/           # "generic" module files  
    ► scripts/             # basic scripts for templates  
  
  ► bin/                 # admin utilities  
  ► doc/                 # for overall UNITE docu  
  ► licenses/            # license files for packages
```



- Actual package are installed also under \${UNITE_ROOT}/packages
 - ▶ [Note: if not feasible or to include historic installations, create symbolic-link trees to real installation directories]
 - ▶ \${UNITE_ROOT}/
 - ▶ packages/
 - ▶ <package>/
 - ▶ <version>–<spezialization>/
 - ▶ <package-specific-sublayout>

Example: "module help scalasca" Output

```
% module help scalasca

-- Module Specific Help for 'scalasca/1.0-mpibull2-intel-64bit' --

Scalasca:
Scalable Performance Analysis of Large-Scale Parallel Applications
version 1.0 (for BullMPI 2, Intel Compiler, 64bit)

Basic usage:
1. Instrument application with skin = "scalasca -instrument"
2. Collect & analyze execution measurement with scan = "scalasca -
analyze"
3. Examine analysis results with square = "scalasca -examine"

For more information:
- See ${SCALASCA_ROOT}/doc/manuals/quickref.pdf
  or type "scalasca -h"
- http://www.scalasca.org
- mailto:scalasca@fz-juelich.de
```

- **Knows how to configure, build, and install all UNITE tools**
 - Can handle GNU autoconf, cmake, TAU + Scalasca homegrown configure
- **Installs or updates set of tools**
 - According to UNITE installation space layout
 - Automatically creates necessary module files
 - Automatically handles package dependencies
 - Takes installed UNITE + system packages into account
 - Configures maximum tool integration, for example
 - Reusing PAPI, CUBE, OTF, DynInst, PDT components in Paraver, Scalasca, TAU, VampirTrace
 - Marmot / Vampitrace integration
 - Scalasca+VampirTrace integration with TAU

- Implemented as
 - **/bin/sh configure script**
 - Auto-detects compiler, MPI, PAPI, CUDA configuration
 - Checks prerequisites (module, QT, Fortran, cmake, wxwidgets)
 - User normally only specifies installation prefix
 - Also generates installed/to-be-installed package list
 - **Makefile** for basic build and install workflow
 - Re-uses make dependency checking + re-makes
 - **/bin/sh scripts** for (flexible) package configuration
 - <tool>-configure-extra.sh
 - For configuration of (optional) packages dependencies
 - Outputs corresponding configure options
- Minimal output
 - But keeps extensive log files for debugging

Supported Packages

- **UNITE-1.1**
 - Cube-3.4.3 + 4.1.6
 - Extrae-2.3
 - Lwm2-1.1
 - Marmot-2.4.0
 - Opari2-1.0.7
 - OTF-1.12.3 + OTF2-1.1.1
 - Paraver-4.4.1
 - Pdtoolkit-3.19.1
 - Scalasca-1.4.3 + 2.0b1
 - Score-P-1.1.1
 - TAU-2.22.2
 - UniMCI-1.0.1
 - Vampirtrace-5.14.3
 - Vampir-5.x or 7.x, 8.x
 - VampirServer-1.x or 7.x, 8x
- **Compiler**
 - gnu, ibm, intel, open64, pathscale, pgi, sun
- **MPI libraries**
 - hp, intel, intel2, intelpoe, mpibull2, bullxmpi, mpich, mpich2, mpich3, openmpi, platform, aixpoe, ibmpoe, sgimpt, sun
- **Work in progress**
 - SIONlib and CUDA support, MUST toolset

Example: UNITE configuration (I)

```
% ./configure --prefix=/opt/local/UNITE

Autodetect compilers...
=====
INFO: Found /usr/bin/gcc
INFO: Found /opt/local/intel/composer_xe_2013.4.183/bin/intel64/icc
INFO: Using intel compiler; select GNU compiler using --compiler=gnu

Autodetect MPI library...
=====
INFO: Found MPICH2 /home/local122/mpich-2.3.1p1/bin/mpicc

Autodetect PAPI...
=====
INFO: Found version 5 with -L/home/local122/papi-5.0.1/lib64 -lpapi
INFO: Using --with-papi=/home/local122/papi-5.0.1

...
```

Example: UNITE configuration (II)

```
...
Checking optional requirements...
=====
module command: OK
Qt library:      OK
wxwidgets:
  INFO: No suitable wxwidgets package found: need GTK based version
  INFO: Paraver will not be build.
Fortran:         OK

Packages
=====
  unite: install package unite-1.1.tar.gz
  lwm2: 1.1-mpich2-papi already installed
  cube: 3.4.3-intel already installed
  cube4: install package cube-4.2.tar.gz
  PDT: 3.19-intel already installed
  opari2: install package opari2-1.1.tar.gz
...
```

Example: UNITE configuration (III)

```
...  
  
    otf: install package OTF-1.12.4salmon.tar.gz  
    otf2: install package otf2-1.2.tar.gz  
scalasca: 1.4.3-mpich2-intel-papi already installed  
scalasca2: install package scalasca-2.0.tar.gz  
Score-P: install package scorep-1.2.tar.gz  
marmot: 2.4.0-mpich2-intel already installed  
unimci: 1.0.1-marmot already installed  
vampirtrace: install package VampirTrace-5.14.4.tar.gz  
    vampir: install package vampir-8.1.0-x86_64-setup.bin  
vampirserver: install package vampirserver-8.1.0-x86_64-setup.bin  
libunwind: 1.0.1-gnu already installed  
    extrae: install package extrae-2.3.4.tar.gz  
paraver: use existing module  
wxpropgrid: use existing module  
boost: 1.46.1-gnu already installed  
    tau: 2.22.2-mpich2-intel-papi already installed  
...
```

Example: UNITE configuration (IV)

...

CONFIGURATION COMPLETE

```
=====
PREFIX: /opt/local/UNITE
PLATFORM: Linux_Cluster
COMPILER: intel
MPI:      mpich2
PAPI:     /home/local122/papi-5.0.1
```

Next steps

```
=====
- cd BUILD-Linux_Cluster-mpich2-intel-papi
- make
- Install vampir license as /opt/local/UNITE/licenses/vampir.license
- Install vampirserver license as
  /opt/local/UNITE/licenses/vampirserver.license
- cd <system-modulefile-directory>;
  ln -s /opt/local/UNITE/modulefiles/UNITE .
```

Example: UNITE build

```
% make
===== UNITE-1.1 =====
Reusing existing UNITE directory /opt/local/UNITE
Done.
===== Cube-4.2-intel =====
Unpack...
Config... (see LOGFILES/cube4/configure.log)
Make... (see LOGFILES/cube4/make.log)
Install... (see LOGFILES/cube4/install.log)
Done.
===== OPARI2-1.1-intel =====
Unpack...
Config... (see LOGFILES/opari2/configure.log)
Make... (see LOGFILES/opari2/make.log)
Install... (see LOGFILES/opari2/install.log)
Done.
===== OTF-1.12.4-intel =====
Unpack...
Config... (see LOGFILES/otf/configure.log)
Make... (see LOGFILES/otf/make.log)
...
```

- Constantly developing packages
 - API, command / file name changes
 - Not always backward compatible
 - New or dropped dependencies
 - System / context / compiler caused changes
 - e.g. /lib → /lib64
- How to maintain consistent module setup
 - Compiler / MPI / corresponding tools
 - Lmod?
- Frontend/backend systems (e.g. IBM BlueGene, Cray XK/XT/...)